## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 74 and 75, as shown in the following listing of the claims: 1-52 (canceled).

- 53. (previously presented) An ApoA-I agonist compound comprising:
  - (i) a 18 to 22-residue peptide analogue that forms an amphipathic  $\alpha$ -helix in the presence of lipids and that comprises formula (I):

 $Z_1-X_1-X_2-X_3-X_4-X_5-X_6-X_7-X_8-X_9-X_{10}-X_{11}-X_{12}-X_{13}-X_{14}-X_{15}-X_{16}-X_{17}-X_{18}-Z_2$  or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

 $X_1$  is Pro (P), Ala (A), Gly (G), Asn (N), Gln (Q) or D-pro (p);

X<sub>2</sub> is an aliphatic residue;

 $X_3$  is Leu (L);

X<sub>4</sub> is an acidic residue;

 $X_5$  is Leu (L) or Phe (F);

 $X_6$  is Leu (L) or Phe (F);

 $X_7$  is a basic residue;

 $X_8$  is an acidic residue;

 $X_9$  is Leu (L) or Trp (W);

 $X_{10}$  is Leu (L) or Trp (W);

 $X_{11}$  is an acidic residue or Asn (N);

 $X_{12}$  is an acidic residue;

 $X_{13}$  is Leu (L), Trp (W) or Phe (F);

 $X_{14}$  is a basic residue or Leu (L);

 $X_{15}$  is Gln (Q) or Asn (N); $X_{16}$  is a basic residue;

 $X_{17}$  is Leu (L);

X<sub>18</sub> is a basic residue;

 $Z_1$  is  $H_2N_{-}$ , or  $RC(O)NR_{-}$ ;

 $Z_2$  is -C(O)NRR, -C(O)OR or -C(O)OH;

each R is independently -H,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkenyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkynyl,  $(C_5-C_{20})$  aryl,  $(C_6-C_{26})$  alkaryl, 5-20 membered heteroaryl or 6-26 membered alkheteroaryl or a 1 to 4-residue peptide or peptide analogue;

each "-" between residues X1 through X18 independently designates an amide

linkage, a substituted amide linkage, an isostere of an amide or an amide mimetic, wherein at least one "-" is a substituted amide linkage, an isostere of an amide or an amide mimetic;

- (ii) a 15 to 21-residue peptide analogue according to formula (I) in which at least one and up to eight of residues  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$ ,  $X_4$ ,  $X_5$ ,  $X_6$ ,  $X_7$ ,  $X_8$ ,  $X_9$ ,  $X_{10}$ ,  $X_{11}$ ,  $X_{12}$ ,  $X_{13}$ ,  $X_{14}$ ,  $X_{15}$ ,  $X_{16}$ ,  $X_{17}$  and  $X_{18}$  are optionally deleted and wherein at least one "-" is a substituted amide linkage, an isostere of an amide or an amide mimetic; or
- (iii) an 18 to 22-residue altered peptide analogue according to formula (I) in which at least one of residues  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$ ,  $X_4$ ,  $X_5$ ,  $X_6$ ,  $X_7$ ,  $X_8$ ,  $X_9$ ,  $X_{10}$ ,  $X_{11}$ ,  $X_{12}$ ,  $X_{13}$ ,  $X_{14}$ ,  $X_{15}$ ,  $X_{16}$ ,  $X_{17}$  and  $X_{18}$  is conservatively substituted and wherein at least one "- " is a substituted amide linkage, an isostere of an amide or an amide mimetic; or an N-terminally blocked form, a C-terminally blocked form or an N- and C-terminally blocked form of formula (I).
- 54. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 53 which exhibits at least about 38% LCAT-activation activity as compared with human ApoA-I.
- 55. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 54 wherein at least one "-" is a substituted amide linkage.
- 56. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 55 wherein the substituted amide linkage has the formula -C(O)NR-, where R is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkyl, substituted (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkenyl, substituted (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkenyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkynyl, substituted (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkynyl, (C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>) aryl, substituted (C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>) aryl, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>26</sub>) alkaryl, substituted (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>26</sub>) alkaryl, 5-20 membered heteroaryl, substituted 5-20 membered heteroaryl, 6-26 membered alkheteroaryl.
- 57. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 54 wherein the least one "-" is an isostere of an amide.

- 58. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 57 wherein the isostere of an amide is -CH<sub>2</sub>NH-, -CH<sub>2</sub>S-, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH=CH- (cis and trans), -C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>-, or -CH<sub>2</sub>SO-.
- 59. (canceled).
- 60. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 54 wherein the peptide analogue exhibits 40% to 98% helicity in the presence of lipids.
- 61. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 54 wherein the peptide analogue comprises 40% to 70% hydrophobic residues.
- 62. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 61 wherein the peptide analogue comprises 50% to 60% hydrophobic residues.
- 63. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 54 wherein the mean hydrophobic moment,  $\langle \mu_H \rangle$ , of the peptide analogue is 0.55 to 0.65.
- 64. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 63 wherein the mean hydrophobic moment,  $\langle \mu_H \rangle$ , of the peptide analogue is 0.58 to 0.62.
- 65. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 54 wherein the mean hydrophobicity,  $\langle H_o \rangle$ , of the peptide analogue is -0.150 to -0.070.
- 66. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 65 wherein the mean hydrophobicity,  $\langle H_o \rangle$ , of the peptide analogue is -0.130 to -0.050.
- 67. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 54 wherein the mean hydrophobicity of the hydrophobic face,  $\langle H_o^{pho} \rangle$ , of the peptide analogue is 0.90 to 1.20.
- 68. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 67 wherein the mean hydrophobicity of the hydrophobic face,  $\langle H_o^{pho} \rangle$ , of the peptide analogue is 0.95 to 1.10.

- 69. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 54 wherein the pho angle of the peptide analogue is 120° to 160°.
- 70. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 69 wherein the pho angle of the peptide analogue is 130° to 150°.
- 71. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 54 wherein the peptide analogue has 3 to 5 positively charged amino acids.
- 72. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 54 wherein the peptide analogue has 3 to 5 negatively charged amino acids.
- 73. (previously presented) The ApoA-I agonist compound of Claim 54 wherein the peptide analogue has a net charge of -1, 0, or +1.
- 74. (currently amended) An ApoA-I agonist-lipid complex comprising an ApoA-I agonist compound and a lipid, wherein the ApoA-I agonist compound is a peptide analogue according to any one of claims 53-58 and 60-73.
- 75. (currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an ApoA-I agonist compound according to any one of claims 53<u>-58 and 60</u>-73 or an ApoA-I agonist-lipid complex according to claim 74, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient or diluent.
- 76. (previously presented) A method of treating a subject suffering from a disorder associated with dyslipidemia, said method comprising the step of administering to the subject an effective amount of the ApoA-I agonist compound of claim 53.
- 77. (previously presented) The method of Claim 76 in which the disorder associated with dyslipidemia is hypercholesterolemia.

- 78. (previously presented) The method of Claim 76 in which the disorder associated with dyslipidemia is cardiovascular disease.
- 79. (previously presented) The method of Claim 76 in which the disorder associated with dyslipidemia is atherosclerosis.
- 80. (previously presented) The method of Claim 76 in which the disorder associated with dyslipidemia is restenosis.
- 81. (previously presented) The method of Claim 76 in which the disorder associated with dyslipidemia is HDL or ApoA-I deficiency.
- 82. (previously presented) The method of Claim 76 in which the disorder associated with dyslipidemia is hypertriglyceridemia.
- 83. (previously presented) The method of Claim 76 in which the disorder associated with dyslipidemia is metabolic syndrome.